

Socratic Circles

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Challenges observed

Students have problems with:

- articulating a true understanding of texts
- making use of texts in discussions
- writing coherent notes, annotating
- actively listening to each other in discussions

expected:

- read academic texts
- made an attempt to understand them
- attend tutorials ready to ask questions
- discuss opinions, interpretations of these texts with peers

1. What **skills** do our students need to be able to do this?

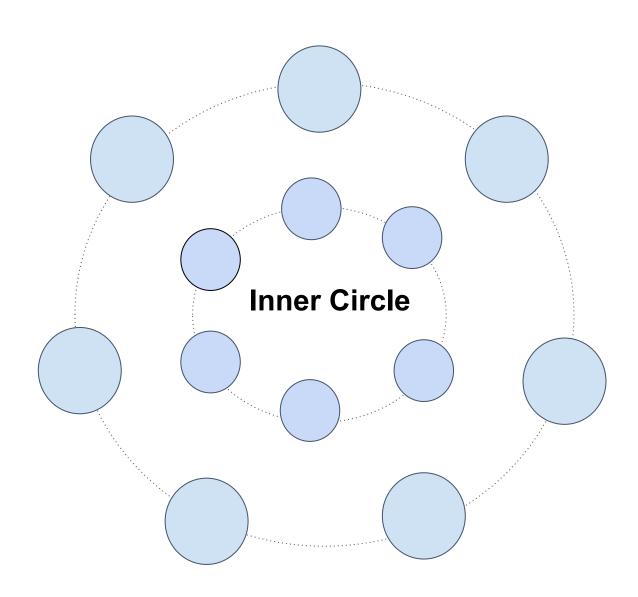
2. How can we/do we **prepare** students for this kind of activity?

3. What **challenges** do students face with these expectations?

What is a **Socratic Circle**?

- the teacher chooses texts for discussion
- students annotate the text and prepare to discuss the topic
- students form two circles of between 6-10
- one circle of students sits inside the other circle

Outer Circle



What is a **Socratic Circle**?

- inner circle discusses the text for 8-10 min
- outer circle observes and takes notes
- outer circle provides feedback on inner circle
- two circles swap and the process is repeated

How to set it up:

explain task

Step 1:

Text: This morning's PD

Q: What are the features that make a successful PD?

Step 2:

Pre-task



Socratic Circles

Write three main ideas that are in the text. Swap this paper with a partner. Write three follow-up questions on your partner's paper.

	Main ideas	Follow-up question:
1.		
2.		
3.		

What makes a good discussion? Rank most important to least important: 1-8

1.	Body language that shows you are listening (e.g. eye contact, open posture)	
2.	Interrupting (e.g. hand gestures, or but, no, yes)	
3.	Adding a new idea	
4.	Giving an example for your opinion	
5.	Follow-up questions	
6.	Speaking clearly and loudly	
8.	Giving a new opinion	
9.	Checking you understood what another person said	

Deeper Thinking:

Topics focussed on in the media will often be discussed in the wider community. It is through this discourse that ideas are furthered. This exchange of ideas leads to a deeper understanding of the topic furthering the development of the discourse within the community. Throughout these conversations we understand more perspectives and connect ideas better.

Think about what really interests you in this topic.

Make a question that you would like to know the answer to, which can not be found in the text:

Your question will contribute to furthering this conversation.

Step 3:

Circle set up



Step 4: roles

role cards

I want to speak

background

role cards set 1

it is strong to speak

What suggestions do you

have for the group?

Listen to others more carefully

Who helped the

conversation flow to

others?

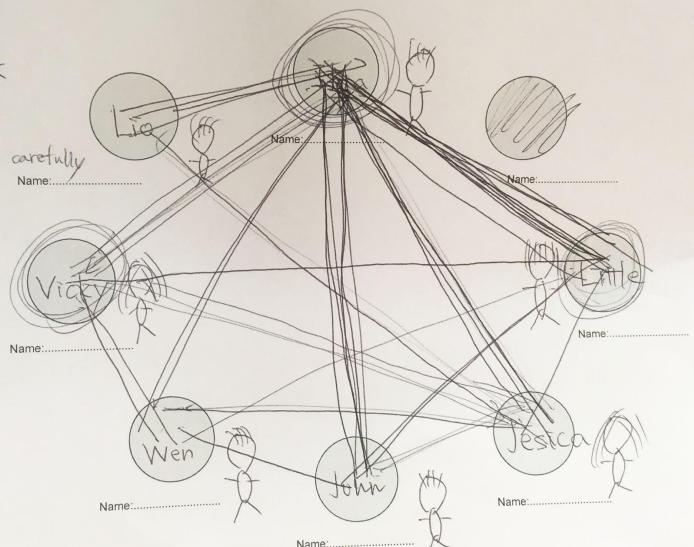
Was their a leader?

What conclusions do you

have?

Any other observations?

.....





Name:.... Name:.... Name:.... Name:....

Name:....

Name:.....

Role card: #1



After Observation:

Observations:
What suggestions do you have for the
group?



Role card: #2



Body Language				
	Who:	Body language observed:	Positive / Negative	
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				

After Observation

Who had the most effective body language and why?......
What are some suggestions for the group?.....

Role card: #3



	IDEAS					
	Who?	Idea	Example or evidence given, referred to the text (E.G. according to the article)	Reactions: (nod/ smile/ agreement 'yes')		
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						

After Observation: Evaluate the ideas? Which worked well and why? Which linked with other ideas?

Step 5:

conversation

text: This morning's PD

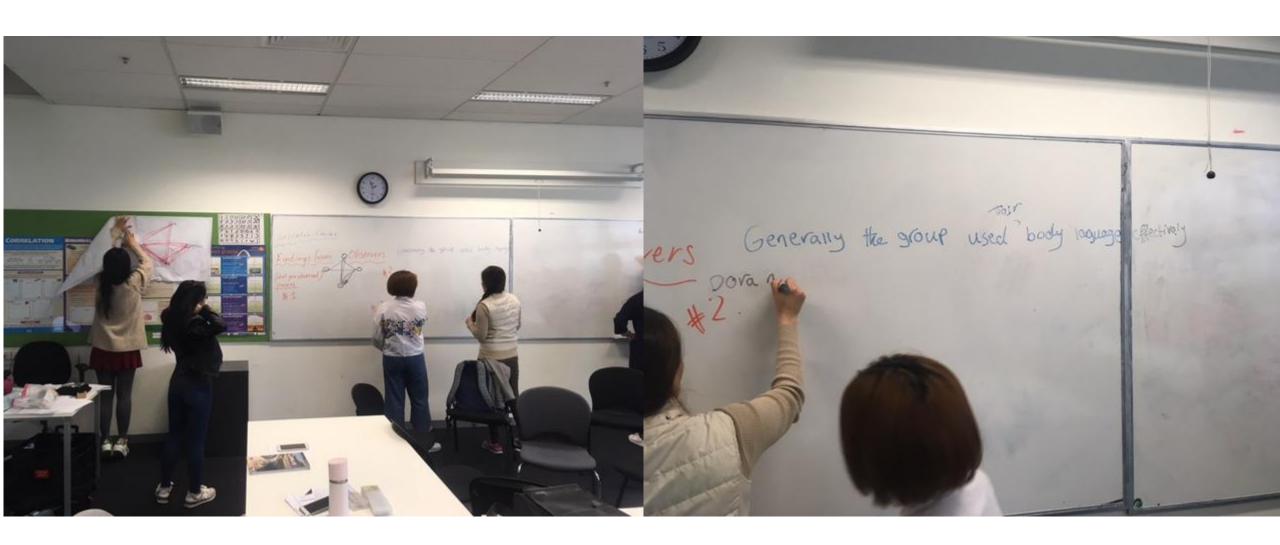
Q: What are the features that make a successful PD?

Step 6:

inner circle leaves classroom to discuss

Step 7: feedback

present feedback: each group





1. Read Texts

Make questions, Note-taking, Understanding, Discuss ideas with peers, research, review read

Topic

2. Pre-Tasks

Body Language, Main Ideas explain role cards

Question

3. Active Conversation

#1

8-10 mins, no teacher help, two circles, observers take notes on role cards

6: Feedback to Peers + Reflection

conversation out of the room, using role cards to give feedback to peers, suggestions for improvement

5: Active Conversation

#2

8-10 mins, no teacher help, two circles this time switched so that the Active conversation 1 speakers are now observers

4: Feedback to Peers

Reflection conversation out of the room, using role cards to give feedback to peers, suggestions for improvement

Info sheet



Socratic Seminars

Definition:

Readings of Texts, scaffolding, preparing for a conversation watched by peers, feedback

Aim: To help in preparation for pathway

Timeline suggested:

Day 1: Set texts to be read for homework

Day 2: Pre Task 1

Day 3: Pre Task 2 + Active Conv #1

Feedback + Action Conv #2 + Feedback

Practical considerations

- 6-10 students in each circle
- 8 10 mins for discussion time
- outer circle is crucial
- may take several attempts to really work with a class

Successful texts:

- Challenging
- Relatable
- Interesting
- Involves values
- Linked

Why are Socratic Circles effective?

Reading is given a purpose.

Discussion is informed and student directed.

Students are motivated to contribute.

Feedback offers opportunity for reflection.

The process is repeatable and students improve with practice.

Questions

Socratic circles work best when students:

- refer explicitly to the text
- use examples from their own experience
- actively listen and ask further questions
- form and articulate clear opinions
- provide constructive feedback

The second discussion of the text shows an awareness of the previous discussion and builds upon points previously raised.



Questions	Linking	
Clarification: (E.G. What do you mean by?)	Summarising/ Paraphrasing ideas: (E.G. What <student name=""> means isor When you saydo you mean So you think that)</student>	Holding the Floor: (E.G. As I was saying Excuse me, I'd like to finish my idea fist)
Evidence: (E.G. What evidence is there to support?)	Acknowledging ideas: (E.G. I agree with <student name="">, My idea follows on from)</student>	Questions about Assumptions: (E.G. What are you assuming when you say that? Do you have any evidence to support that assumption?)
Viewpoints: (E.G. <student name=""> you seem to be looking at the issue from point of view, why do you see the issue this way?)</student>	Disagreeing: (E.G. I don't agree with you because, I agree with you on some points, but)	Questions that Encourage Reasons: (E.G. How can we find out? How could someone solve this problem? Why is this important?)

Role cards: #4



After Observation:

Do you think the group used questions well?

Which box could be used more?

What could you suggest for further improvement?



	Vocabulary that is specific to the topic found in the texts: (make a list)	1	Who said the word:
1			who:
2			who:
3			who:
4			who:
5			who:
6			who:
7			who:
8			who:
9			who:
10			who:

	Vocabulary that is specific to the topic found in the texts: (make a list)	✓	Who said the word:
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Role cards: #5



	Phrases	1	Who said the word:
1			who:
2			who:
3			who:
4			who:
5			who:

After Observation:



	Key Ideas from the text (to be listed with a few students helping)	1	Who said the idea
1			who:
2			who:
3			who:
4			who:
5			who:
6			who:
7			who:
8			who:
9			who:
10			who:

Role cards: #6



Vocabulary Brainstorm:

After Observation: