

UECA PD Fest 2016 University of Adelaide

Darren Brookes and Patrick Pheasant

Connecting digitally: Engaging

ASEAN research grant recipients with social media and online learning





Order of Presentation

- Background of Project
- Challenges and Solutions
- The Domain, The Community, The Practice
- Mentor and Researcher Experiences
- Final Questions & Discussion





Project Overview

"In addition to receiving financial assistance, each research grant recipient is matched with an experienced research partner from another country. Partners communicate through email and/or Skype and offer help to the extent they feel appropriate. The role of peer mentor is to facilitate in any way possible to help researchers write good academic papers. The main purpose is to support and network the research grant recipients with more experienced researchers who could help the grant recipients' paper reach a standard suitable for an academic publication."

IDP Regional Research Grants Guidelines, 2013





Cambodia TESOL Research Grant Recipients 2013





Research Topics covered a diverse area including:

- Attitudes toward ESP for Law in Cambodia
- Writing Problems
- Primary Teachers Issues
- Teacher Adoption of Technology
- Collaborative Learning
- Speaking motivation through Drama Techniques

8 Early career academics from:

- Cambodia
- Vietnam
- Myanmar
- The Philippines
- Indonesia

Working online with a mentor in Australia to write and present 6 quantitative research papers





Cambodia TESOL Research Grant Recipients 2014-15

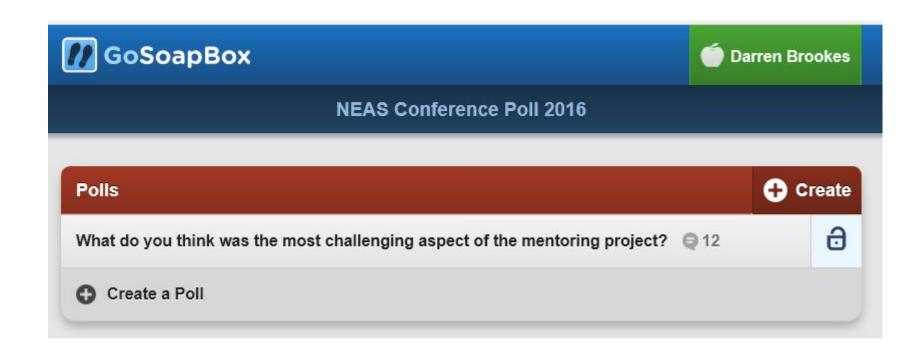
Scope of project broadened to include:

- Research grant recipients from ASEAN counties
- Individual mentors working one on one with grant recipients
- Joint papers
- New grant research recipient in-country CamTESOL workshop
- Sydney TESOL and UECA PD Fest Colloquiums/workshops.





NEAS Presentation May 2016







NEAS Presentation May 2016

// GoSoapBox		Darren Brookes					
NEAS Conference Poll 2016							
Go Back to Event							
What do you think was the most challenging aspect of the mentoring project? 12 responses recorded							
CHOICE V	OTES %						
communicating online							
meeting deadlines (research grant recipients)							
cultural differences and expectations							
standard of academic English							





Question

What major obstacles do cultural differences and expectations create?

- Getting published in the LEIA journal
- Presenting a coherent academic paper
- Understanding the difference between quantitative, qualitative and action research





Challenges and Solutions of Peer Mentoring

Challenges of Peer Mentoring	Treatments or Solutions		
Synchronous Communication	 Adopted asynchronous communication via email, Facebook and Google+ 		
 Poor/slow internet connections 	 Option of feedback via MS word and track changes or video feedback 		
Familiarity with social media	Multiple platforms used		
Time management	 Scaffolded tasks – Research paper feedback in sections, project management framework 		
 Keeping track of emails etc. 	Microsoft OneNote		





Challenges and Solutions of Getting Published

Challenges of getting researchers published	Treatments or Solutions		
Lack of understanding of format	Online tutorials and handout		
 Lack of exposure to published papers 	 Example of published papers provided 		
 Lack of academic guidance/isolation 	Workshop provided at CamTESOL		
	 Comprehensive LEIA Journal Guidelines 		







UECA PD FEST 2013

Opening Keynote - Communities of Practice

Assoc. Professor Jacquie McDonald

University of Southern Queensland

DOMAIN

The things that matter

- Common ground
- Shared identity
- Shared interest
- Relevance
- Value
- Purpose

COMMUNITY OF PRACTICE

COMMUNITY

The social fabric of learning

- Mutual Respect
- Communal Identity
- Willingness to share
- Rgular Interaction
- Open to questioning
- Goodwill

PRACTICE

<u>Developed, shared &</u> maintained knowledge

- Information
- Lessons learned
- Knowledge
- Tools
- Documents







"Communities of Practice (CoP) are groups of people who share a concern or a passion for something they do and learn how to do it better as they interact regularly. A community of practice is a social learning system.

- **1. The Domain:** A community of practice is not merely a club of friends or a network of connections between people. It has an identity defined by a shared domain of interest.
- The Community: In pursuing their interest in their domain, members engage in joint activities and discussions.
- **3. The Practice:** A community of practice is not merely a community of interest. Members of a community of practice are practitioners. (1998, pp. 1-2)"

Wenger, E. (1998) *Communities of practice: learning, meaning and identity*. Cambridge University Press.





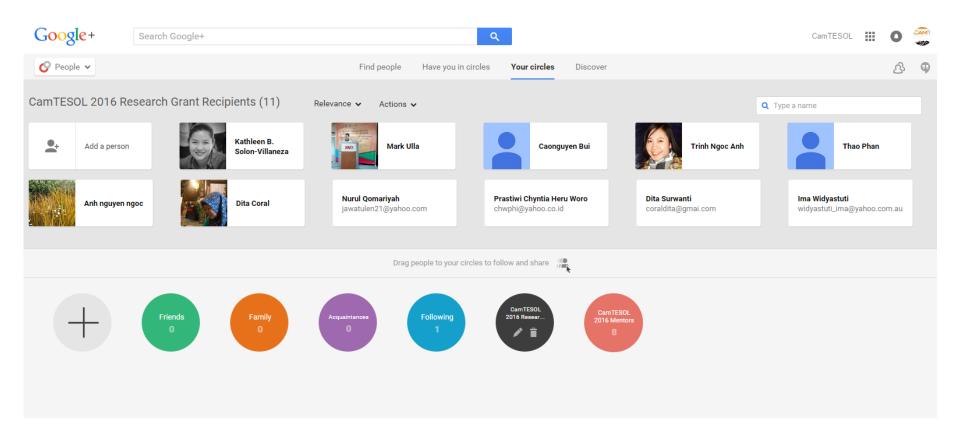
Effecting an online community of practice







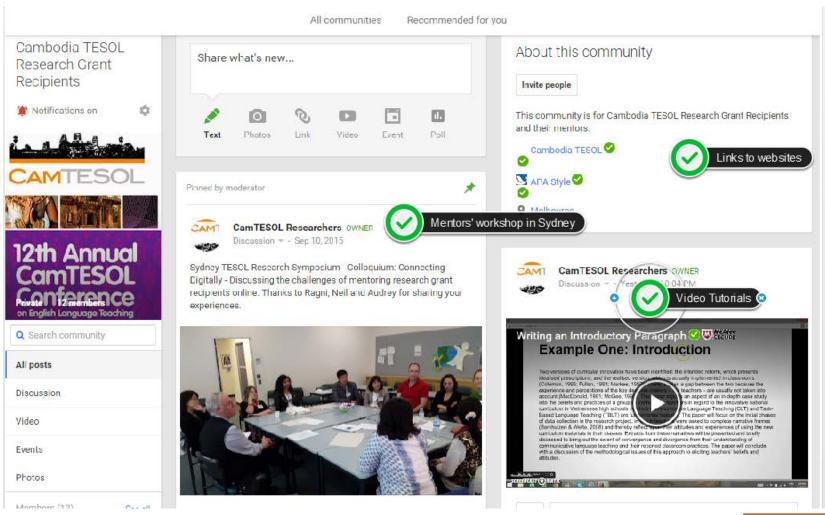
Establishing The Domain - Google Circle







Google Community





Establishing The Community – Google+ Circle/Community

Advantages:

- Easy to secure to one group (i.e. researchers)
- Easy to integrate video feedback
- Integration with Gmail, YouTube, Google Docs

Disadvantages:

- Not as popular as Facebook
- Not as easily shared as Facebook





Establishing The Community - Facebook







Establishing The Community - Facebook

Advantages:

- Popular
- Open to likes and requests to join
- Easy to promote the project to future prospective grant recipients – A few requests for information

Disadvantages:

- Not easy to secure
- Less integration with other apps

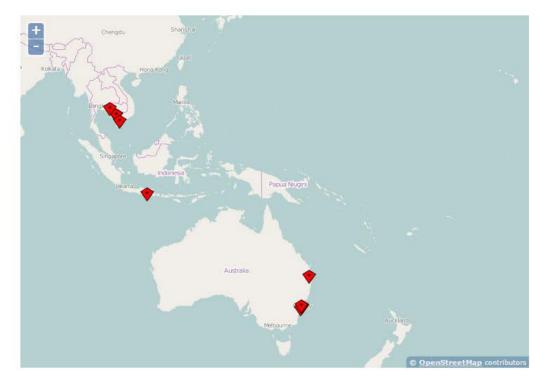




The Community – Versal LMS

versal Regional Researchers Peer Mentoring Introduction and Welcome Communication Survey Project Timeline Registering for the Research... Writing Writing a biography Writing an abstract Writing a title Writing an introductory paragraph Map - Location of Mentor an... Resources APA Style Tutorial Research Report Format (APA)

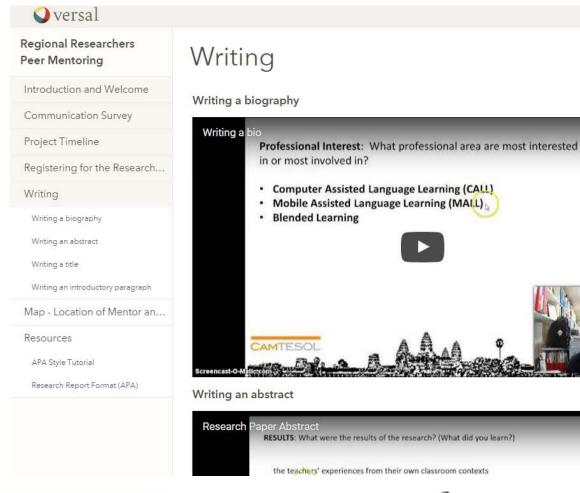
Map - Location of Mentor and Researchers







The Community – Versal LMS







The Practice – Feedback via track changes in MSWord & Email

skills in the class held in traditional teaching method. It was also suggested that four macro skills be included, especially communicative skills. However, the constraints can also be resulted from the institutional factors such as the unavailability of the needed facilities-audio visual aids and more importantly the extremely large class size (Harabi, 2010). His study reveals that the lesser accessibility to the materials could have a great influence on the effective ESP teaching and learning. Regarding the designing of materials used in the class, he pointed out that it is the task of the teachers to settle the arrangement on needs between him and his students, so he had to adapt those materials and design a syllabus appropriate to the needs of the students. However, according to Abdulaziz et all (2012) it is the administrative issue which prevents the ESP practitioners to implement their designed syllabi. ESP practitioners are given course outlines and in some cases provided with a complied syllabus rather than relying on faculties of untrained ESP practitioners. As a result, students complain that the contents are too updated and at times irrelevant.

Comment [b3]: not passive – use active voice: "can result from"

Comment [b4]: avoid reflexive pronouns for things, i.e. "itself"

Comment [b5]: gage number? You need to cite the page number of the citation in APA style, i.e., p.36 or pp.36-37

Comment [b6]: et al. This is a Latin abbreviation for "et alij" (and others). Abbreviations need to have a period for the abbreviated word—al. (alij).





The Practice – Mentor and Researcher working one to one

Project title:

Features of academic writing in students' research proposals and the influence of intensive writing training on their performances

Researcher: Thi Thu Ha

(Hanoi National University of Education, Vietnam)

Mentor & co-author: Emily Edwards

(UNSW & UTS: Insearch, Australia)

Our project planning

	Stage of research project	Task	Timing/ deadline		Primary person for task Ha	Person to give feedback Emily
1 Preparation		Prepare the interview questions	July 2014	Finish on 25/7/14		
2	Presenting	Prepare one PPT for University of Sydney TESOL Research Colloquium on 23/8/14		Finish by 15/8/14	Emily	На
3	Data collection	Conduct the first round of interviews with 8 students	August 2014	3 rd week of August	На	
4	Preparation	Design the training materials		Done by August 30	На	Emily
5	Preparation	Review literature again in preparation for writing the abstract		Week of 1/9/14	Emily & Ha	
6	Preparation for presenting	Prepare abstract for CamTESOL conference	Sept 2014	By 13/9/14	Emily & Ha	
7	Data collection	Conduct the training with 8 students		Finish by 30/9/14	На	
8	Writing paper	Write up first draft of paper: introduction, literature review, methodology, initial results (before the	Oct – Dec 2014	Finish by end of Dec	Ha (& Emily – lit	Emily
9	Data	training) Collect the 8 research proposals		Finish by the	review) Ha	

Our mentoring process

1) Informal 'needs analysis'



3) Sensitivity to researcher's needs — support but not too much pressure!

2) Method and frequency of communication



4) Creating professional relationships



Project Management or . . .



How to eat an elephant!



Questions and Discussion



